



OUR LADY OF LOURDES

CATHOLIC MULTI-ACADEMY TRUST

Pupil Attendance Policy

September 2025



Our Lady of Lourdes Mission Statement:

We are a partnership of Catholic schools.

Our aim is to provide the very best Catholic education for all in our community and so improve life chances through spiritual, academic and social development.

By placing the person and teachings of Jesus Christ at the centre of all that we do, we will:

- Follow the example of Our Lady of Lourdes by nurturing everyone in a spirit of compassion, service and healing
- Work together so that we can all achieve our full potential, deepen our faith and realise our God-given talents
- Make the world a better place, especially for the most vulnerable in our society, by doing '**little things with great love**' St Thérèse of Lisieux

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Contents

Our Lady of Lourdes Mission Statement:	2
1. Core Principals.....	6
2. Legislation and guidance	7
3. Aims.....	8
4. Roles and responsibilities	8
4.1 The CMAT board.....	8
4.2 The governing board	9
4.3 The headteacher.....	10
4.4 The designated senior leader responsible for attendance.....	10
4.5 Class teachers	11
4.6 School office staff and attendance officer	11
4.7 Parents.....	11
4.8 Pupils	11
5. Recording attendance.....	13
5.1 Attendance register	13
6. Unplanned absence.....	13
7. Planned absence	14
8. Following up unexplained absence.....	14
9. Reporting to parents	14
10. Encouraging Good Attendance in School:	15
10.1 Attendance is encouraged in the following ways;.....	15
10.2 We will Monitor and analyse data to identify those that need support.....	15
10.3 We aim to engage with families, understand barriers to attendance and work together to remove them.....	15
11. Punctuality	16
11.1 The importance of arriving at school on time;	16
12. Authorised and unauthorised absence	17
12.1 Approval for term-time absence	17
12.2 Attendance meetings	18
13. Sanctions	18
13.1 Penalty notices.....	19
13.2 Notices to improve	19
14. Monitoring attendance	20

15. Leave of Absence during Term Time.....	21
16. Supporting pupils who are absent or returning to school	21
16.1 Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance.....	21
16.2 Pupils absent due to mental or physical ill health or SEND.....	21
16.3 Pupils returning to school after a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence	22
17. Reducing persistent and severe absence	22
18. Our Lady of Lourdes CMAT schools may agree a 'leave of absence' in the following exceptional circumstances:	22
18.1 Exceptional circumstances could include:.....	22
18.2 What are NOT considered 'exceptional circumstances'	23
18.3 Our Lady of Lourdes Trust will not agree a 'leave of absence in circumstances such as:	23
19. Truancy.....	23
20. Off-Site Provision.....	23
21. Children absent from Education	24
22. Anxiety Related Non-Attendance (ARNA)	25
23. Agency Liaison	25
24. Data Protection Act.....	26
25. Stepped Approach	27
26. Penalty Notice Changes from August 2024	29
OLOL CMAT Schools	30
Attendance codes.....	31

1. Core Principals.

Our Lady of Lourdes Catholic Multi-Academy Trust (CMAT) is committed to providing a full and efficient education for all students. The trust sincerely believes that all pupils benefit from the education it provides and therefore from regular school attendance. To this end the Trust will do as much as it can to ensure that all students achieve maximum possible attendance and that any issues, which may impede full attendance, are acted upon as quickly as possible.

Student performance and well-being go hand in hand. Students can't learn if they don't feel safe or if ill health problems are allowed to create barriers.

The law states that parents/carers have a legal obligation to ensure that children within their care attend school regularly. Schools and the local authority have a duty to ensure that poor school attendance is dealt with swiftly.

The Anti-Social Behaviour Act 2003, section 23, sub-section (1) added two new sections (444A and 444B) after section 444 of the Education Act 1996. These new sections introduced penalty notices as an alternative to prosecution under section 444 and enable parents to discharge potential liability for conviction for that offence by paying a penalty. The offence of irregular attendance under section 444 of the Education Act 1996 has not changed.

Within Our Lady of Lourdes (OLoL CMAT) we have schools operating under Nottingham City Council, Nottinghamshire County Council, Lincolnshire, North East Lincolnshire, North Lincolnshire and Derbyshire County Council's Code of Conduct. (See Appendix A)

2. Legislation and guidance

This policy meets the requirements of the [school attendance guidance](#) from the Department for Education (DfE), and refers to the DfE's statutory guidance on [school attendance parental responsibility measures](#). These documents are drawn from the following legislation setting out the legal powers and duties that govern school attendance:

- Part 6 of [The Education Act 1996](#)
- Part 3 of [The Education Act 2002](#)
- Part 7 of [The Education and Inspections Act 2006](#)
- [The Education \(Pupil Registration\) \(England\) Regulations 2006](#) (and [2010](#), [2011](#), [2013](#), [2016](#) amendments)
- [The Education \(Penalty Notices\) \(England\) \(Amendment\) Regulations 2013](#)

It also refers to:

- [Keeping Children Safe in Education](#)
- [Mental health issues affecting a pupil's attendance: guidance for schools](#)

This policy also refers to the DfE's guidance on the [school census](#), which explains the persistent absence threshold.

- **Persistent absence** refers to pupils who miss 10% or more of school
- **Severe absence** refers to pupils who miss 50% or more of school.

3. Aims

Our Lady of Lourdes CMAT recognises that;

- All pupils of statutory school age have an equal right to access an education in accordance with the National Curriculum regulations.
- No pupil should be deprived of their opportunity to receive an education that meets their needs and personal development.
- In the first instance, it is the responsibility of parents/carers to ensure attendance at school as required by law.
- Some pupils and their parents/carers may need to be supported and rewarded at some stage in meeting their attendance obligations and responsibilities.
- Situations beyond the control of pupils, parents or carers may impact on attendance. We will, with agreement and support of parent/carers, work in partnership with external agencies to resolve these.
- The vast majority of pupils want to attend school to learn, to socialise with their peer group and to prepare themselves fully to take their place in society as well rounded and responsible citizens with the skills, knowledge and understanding necessary to contribute to the life and culture of their society.

This policy aims to show our commitment to meeting our obligations with regards to school attendance, including those laid out in the Department for Education's (DfE's) statutory guidance on [working together to improve school attendance \(applies from 19 August 2024\)](#), through our whole-school culture and ethos that values good attendance, including:

- Setting high expectations for the attendance and punctuality of all pupils.
- Promoting good attendance and the benefits of good attendance.
- Reducing absence, including persistent and severe absence.
- Ensuring every pupil has access to the full-time education to which they are entitled.
- Acting early to address patterns of absence.
- Building strong relationships with families to make sure pupils have the support in place to attend school.

We will also promote and support punctuality in attending lessons.

4. Roles and responsibilities

4.1 The CMAT board

Ensures that the attendance policy is updated annually and monitored through reports to the board.

4.2 The governing board

The governing board is responsible for monitoring attendance figures for the whole school on at least a termly basis. It also holds the headteacher to account for the implementation of this policy.

The governing board is responsible for:

- Setting high expectations of all school leaders, staff, pupils and parents
- Making sure school leaders fulfil expectations and statutory duties, including:
 - Making sure the school records attendance accurately in the register, and shares the required information with the DfE and local authority
 - Making sure the school works effectively with local partners to help remove barriers to attendance, and keeps them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Recognising and promoting the importance of school attendance across the school's policies and ethos
- Making sure the school's attendance management processes are delivered effectively, and that consistent support is provided for pupils who need it most by prioritising staff and resources
- Making sure the school has high aspirations for all pupils, but adapts processes and support to pupils' individual needs
- Regularly reviewing and challenging attendance data and helping school leaders focus improvement efforts on individual pupils or cohorts who need it most
- Working with school leaders to set goals or areas of focus for attendance and providing support and challenge
- Monitoring attendance figures for the whole school and repeatedly evaluating the effectiveness of the school's processes and improvement efforts to make sure they are meeting pupils needs
- Where the school is struggling with attendance, working with school leaders to develop a comprehensive action plan to improve attendance
- Making sure all staff receive adequate training on attendance as part of the regular continued professional development offer, so that staff understand:
 - The importance of good attendance
 - That absence is almost always a symptom of wider issues
 - The school's legal requirements for keeping registers
 - The school's strategies and procedures for tracking, following up on and improving attendance, including working with partners and keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Making sure dedicated training is provided to staff with a specific attendance function in their role, including in interpreting and analysing attendance data
- OLoL CMAT will ensure the sharing effective practice on attendance management and improvement across all our schools

4.3 The headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for:

- Making good attendance a central part of our school's vision, values and ethos.
- Account for attendance in school improvement priorities and regularly reviewing our approach to improving attendance.
- Ensure there is a designated senior leader with overall responsibility for improving attendance.
- Promote and visibly demonstrate the benefits of good attendance.
- Recognising that children absent from education can act as a vital warning sign to a range of safeguarding issues.
- Implementation of this policy at the school.
- Monitoring school-level absence data and reporting it to governors
- Supporting staff with monitoring the attendance of individual pupils
- Monitoring the impact of any implemented attendance strategies
- Working with the parents of pupils with special educational needs and/or disabilities (SEND) to develop specific support approaches for attendance for pupils with SEND, including where school transport is regularly being missed, and where pupils with SEND face in-school barriers
- Communicating with the local authority when a pupil with an education, health and care (EHC) plan has falling attendance, or where there are barriers to attendance that relate to the pupil's needs
- Communicating the school's high expectations for attendance and punctuality regularly to pupils and parents through all available channels
- Issuing fixed-penalty notices, where necessary

4.4 The designated senior leader responsible for attendance

The designated senior leader is responsible for:

- Leading, championing and improving attendance across the school
- Setting a clear vision for improving and maintaining good attendance
- Evaluating and monitoring expectations and processes
- Having a strong grasp of absence data and oversight of absence data analysis
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating progress in attendance
- Establishing and maintaining effective systems for tackling absence, and making sure they are followed by all staff
- Liaising with pupils, parents/carers and external agencies, where needed
- Building close and productive relationships with parents to discuss and tackle attendance issues
- Creating intervention or reintegration plans in partnership with pupils and their parents/carers
- Delivering targeted intervention and support to pupils and families

The designated senior leader responsible for attendance is Mrs Jessica Jackson and can be contacted via 01724245151 or admin@stbedesscunthorpe.org.uk

4.5 Class teachers

Class teachers are responsible for recording attendance on a daily basis, using the correct codes, and submitting this information to the school office, as per this attendance policy.

4.6 School office staff and attendance officer

- Take calls from parents/carers about absence on a day-to-day basis and record it on the school system
- Transfer calls from parents/carers to the where appropriate, in order to provide them with more detailed support on attendance

The school attendance officer:

- Monitors attendance data across the school and at an individual pupil level
- Reports concerns about attendance to the assistant headteacher and headteacher
- Works with education welfare officers to tackle persistent absence
- Arranges calls and meetings with parents to discuss attendance issues
- Advises the assistant headteacher and headteacher when to issue fixed-penalty notices

4.7 Parents

Where this policy refers to a parent, it refers to the adult the school and/or local authority decides is most appropriate to work with, including:

- All natural parents, whether they are married or not
- All those who have parental responsibility for a child or young person
- Those who have day-to-day responsibility for the child (i.e. lives with and looks after them)

Parents are expected to:

- Make sure their child attends every day on time
- Call the school to report their child's absence before 9am on the day of the absence and each subsequent day of absence, and advise when they are expected to return
- Provide the school with more than 1 emergency contact number for their child
Ensure that, where possible, appointments for their child are made outside of the school day
- Seek support, where necessary, for maintaining good attendance, by contacting the head teacher, who can be contacted via the school's contact details on the website.

4.8 Pupils

Pupils are expected to:

Schools should put this information

Attend school every day, on time

Parents and students can expect the following from Our Lady of Lourdes Trust;

- Regular, efficient and accurate recording of attendance, electronically.

- Early contact with parents when a pupil fails to attend school without providing a reason
- Immediate and confidential action on any problem notified to us
- Rewarding good attendance
- A quality education

5. Recording attendance

5.1 Attendance register

We will keep an **electronic** attendance register, and place all pupils onto this register.

We will take our attendance register at the start of the first session of each school day and once during the second session. It will mark, using the appropriate national attendance and absence codes from the School Attendance (Pupil Registration) (England) Regulations 2024, whether every pupil is:

- Present
- Attending an approved off-site educational activity
- Absent
- Unable to attend due to [exceptional](#) circumstances

Any amendment to the attendance register will include:

- The original entry
- The amended entry
- The reason for the amendment
- The date on which the amendment was made
- The name and position of the person who made the amendment

See appendix B for the DfE attendance codes.

We will keep every entry on the attendance register for 6 years after the date on which the entry was made.

- For pupils of compulsory school age, whether the absence is authorised or not
- The nature of the activity, where a pupil is attending an approved educational activity
- The nature of circumstances, where a pupil is unable to attend due to [exceptional](#) circumstances

Pupils must arrive in school by 08:40 on each school day.

The register for the first session will be taken at 08:45 and will be kept open until 09:15. The register for the second session will be taken at 12:15 and will be kept open until 13:30

6. Unplanned absence

The pupil's parent must notify the school of the reason for the absence on the first day of an unplanned absence by 9am or as soon as practically possible, by calling the school office staff.

The school day information is available via the school's website.

We will mark absence due to physical or mental illness as authorised, unless the school has a genuine concern about the authenticity of the illness.

Where the absence is longer than 5 days, or there are doubts about the authenticity of the illness, the school will ask for medical evidence, such as a doctor's note, prescription, appointment card or other appropriate form of evidence. We will not ask for medical evidence unnecessarily.

If the school is not satisfied about the authenticity of the illness, the absence will be recorded as unauthorised and parents will be notified of this in advance.

7. Planned absence

Attending a medical or dental appointment will be counted as authorised as long as the pupil's parent notifies the school in advance of the appointment. Parents should inform the school office staff of this in advance and provide an appointment card or give evidence of the appointment text.

However, we encourage parents to make medical and dental appointments out of school hours where possible. Where this is not possible, the pupil should be out of school for the minimum amount of time necessary.

The pupil's parent must also apply for other types of term-time absence as far in advance as possible of the requested absence.

See section 5 to find out which term-time absences the school can authorise.

8. Following up unexplained absence

Where any pupil we expect to attend school does not attend, or stops attending, without reason, the school will:

- Call the pupil's parent on the morning of the first day of unexplained absence to ascertain the reason. If the school cannot reach any of the pupil's emergency contacts, the school may carry out a home visit
- Identify whether the absence is approved or not
- Identify the correct attendance code to use and input it as soon as the reason for absence is ascertained – this will be no later than 5 working days after the session(s) for which the pupil was absent
- Call the parent on each day that the absence continues without explanation, to make sure proper safeguarding action is taken where necessary. If absence continues, the school will consider involving an education welfare officer
- Where relevant, report the unexplained absence to the pupil's youth offending team officer
- Where appropriate, offer support to the pupil and/or their parents to improve attendance
- Identify whether the pupil needs support from wider partners, as quickly as possible, and make the necessary referrals

9. Reporting to parents

- The school will regularly inform parents about their child's attendance and absence levels e.g. termly written reports for those children whose attendance falls below the expected level

10. Encouraging Good Attendance in School:

10.1 Attendance is encouraged in the following ways;

- Accurate completion of electronic registers in school
- Attendance checks at appropriate times
- Recording of good attendance on individual progress reports
- Establishing a mechanism for supporting those parents and carers who are concerned that their children may be experiencing difficulty attending, including home visits
- An efficient use of computerised registration systems can provide valuable attendance data which can assist speedy analysis and timely responses by the school.
- Celebrating outstanding attendance on our Be Like Bede system and during achievement assemblies every half term in school.

10.2 We will Monitor and analyse data to identify those that need support

We will ensure that:

- Our school will regularly analyse data to both identify and then provide support to pupils or cohorts that need it.
- Our school will look at historic and emerging patterns and develop strategies to address these.

To do this we will:

- Develop targeted actions to address patterns of absence (of all severities) of individual pupils, groups or cohorts that it has identified via data analysis
- Provide targeted support to the pupils it has identified whose absences may be a cause for concern, especially those who demonstrate patterns of persistent or severe absence, and their families
- Provide regular attendance reports to class teachers to facilitate discussions with pupils and families, and to the governing board and school leaders (including special educational needs co-ordinator, designated safeguarding lead and pupil premium lead)
- Use data to monitor and evaluate the impact of any interventions put in place in order to modify them and inform future strategies
- Share information and work collaboratively with other schools in the area, local authorities and other partners where a pupil's absence is at risk of becoming persistent or severe, including keeping them informed regarding specific pupils, where appropriate
- Monitor the impact of these strategies.
- Provide data and reports to support the work of the governing board.

10.3 We aim to engage with families, understand barriers to attendance and work together to remove them.

In the first instance our school will support pupils and parents by:

- Working together to understand and address any in-school barriers to attendance.
- Meeting with the families of those at risk of persistent or severe absence and agreeing actions or interventions to improve the situation.
- Making referrals to services and organisations that can provide support.

Where absence intensifies, we will provide additional support, such as:

- Holding more formal conversations with the parents and pupils.
- Working with your local authority (LA) and other relevant partners.

Where voluntary support has not been effective and/or not been engaged with, we will work with our LA to put formal support in place. Such as:

- Use an attendance process or an education supervision order.
- Intensify support through statutory children's social care involvement where there are safeguarding concerns, especially where absence becomes severe.

11. Punctuality

11.1 The importance of arriving at school on time;

- Arriving late at school may cause embarrassment for the child
- Pupils arriving late is disruptive, not only to their own learning but the learning of others.
- Pupils may miss something important such as lesson plans or instructions on how to complete a piece of work
- Lateness can affect how students form friendship groups. Social interaction with peers before school is important.
- Pupils are marked present. The register is not only a legal document it also provides evidence that pupils have arrived in school and are safe.
- Punctuality shows reliability and is a valuable attribute for future working life. Future universities, colleges and employers look for reliability. A good record of attendance and punctuality is an indication of this and they may request to see this in the future.

A pupil who arrives late:

- ***Before the register has closed will be marked as late, using the appropriate code***
- ***After the register has closed will be marked as absent, using the appropriate code***

Arriving after the session closes, is recorded as an unauthorised absence. It is important to note that this will mean a full session of absence is recorded on the register and therefore has an impact on a pupil's overall attendance figure. If unauthorised absence continues, parents/carers will be contacted, and a meeting will be arranged to discuss this. If no improvement is made, a Penalty Notice may be requested from the relevant Local Authority.

Punctuality is also covered in our behaviour policy; when a student is late but not exceeding 30 minutes, they will have a lunchtime detention on the same day. When a pupil is more than 30 minutes late, they will receive an afterschool detention on the same day. This will only be cancelled if there is extenuating circumstances or an appointment.

12. Authorised and unauthorised absence

12.1 Approval for term-time absence

The headteacher will allow pupils to be absent from the school site for certain educational activities, or to attend other schools or settings.

The headteacher will only grant a **leave of absence** to a pupil during term time if the request meets the specific circumstances set out in the [2024 school attendance regulations](#). These circumstances are:

- Taking part in a regulated performance, or regulated employment abroad
- Attending an interview
- Study leave
- A temporary, time-limited part-time timetable
- [Exceptional](#) circumstances

A leave of absence is granted at the headteacher's discretion, including the length of time the pupil is authorised to be absent for.

Leave of absence will not be granted for a pupil to take part in protest activity during school hours.

As a leave of absence will only be granted in [exceptional](#) circumstances, it is unlikely a leave of absence will be granted for the purposes of a family holiday.

The school considers each application for term-time absence individually, taking into account the specific facts, circumstances and relevant background context behind the request.

Any request should be submitted as soon as it is anticipated and, where possible, at least 2 weeks before the absence, and in accordance with any leave of absence request form, accessible via the school office. The headteacher will require where applicable evidence to support any request for leave of absence.

Other valid reasons for **authorised absence** include (but are not limited to):

- Illness (including mental-health illness) and medical/dental appointments (If medical evidence has been provided to support this).

- Religious observance – where the day is exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which the pupil's parent(s) belong(s). If necessary, the school will seek advice from the parent's religious body to confirm whether the day is set apart
- Parent(s) travelling for occupational purposes – this covers Roma, English and Welsh gypsies, Irish and Scottish travellers, showmen (fairground people) and circus people, bargees (occupational boat dwellers) and new travellers. Absence may be authorised only when a traveller family is known to be travelling for occupational purposes and has agreed this with the school, but it is not known whether the pupil is attending educational provision
- If the pupil is currently suspended or excluded from school (and no alternative provision has been made)

Other reasons the school may allow a pupil to be absent from the school site, which are not classified as absences, include (but are not limited to):

- Attending an offsite approved educational activity, sporting activity or visit or trip arranged by the school
- Attending another school at which the pupil is also registered (dual registration)
- Attending provision arranged by the local authority
- Attending work experience
- If there is any other unavoidable cause for the pupil not to attend school, such as disruption to travel caused by an emergency, a lack of access arrangements, or because the school premises are closed

12.2 Attendance meetings

Parents/Carers of students with poor attendance may be invited to attend an attendance meeting. This may include a variety of professionals involved with student welfare. The aim of this meeting is to improve future attendance and prevent the need for referral to the relevant Local Authority to begin legal processes.

Should poor attendance continue then a referral shall be made to the relevant Authority for further action.

13. Sanctions

Our school will make use of the full range of potential sanctions – including, but not limited to, those listed below – to tackle poor attendance. Decisions will be made on an individual, case-by-case basis.

13.1 Penalty notices

The headteacher (or someone authorised by them), local authority or the police can fine parents for the unauthorised absence of their child from school, where the child is of compulsory school age, by issuing a penalty notice.

If the school issues a penalty notice, it will check with the local authority before doing so and send it a copy of any penalty notice issued.

Before issuing a penalty notice, the school will consider the individual case, including:

- Whether the national threshold for considering a penalty notice has been met (10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a rolling period of 10 school weeks)
- Whether a penalty notice is the best available tool to improve attendance for that pupil
- Whether further support, a notice to improve or another legal intervention would be a more appropriate solution
- Whether any obligations that the school has under the Equality Act 2010 make issuing a penalty notice inappropriate

A penalty notice may also be issued where parents allow their child to be present in a public place during school hours without reasonable justification, during the first 5 days of a suspension or exclusion (where the school has notified the parents that the pupil must not be present in a public place on that day).

Each parent who is liable for the pupil's offence(s) can be issued with a penalty notice, but this will usually only be the parent/parents who allowed the absence.

The payment must be made directly to the local authority, regardless of who issues the notice. If the payment has not been made after 28 days, the local authority can decide whether to prosecute or withdraw the notice.

If issued with a **first** penalty notice, the parent must pay £80 (per parent per child) within 21 days, or £160 within 28 days.

If a **second** penalty notice is issued to the same parent in respect of the same pupil/pupils, the parent must pay £160 per pupil if paid within 28 days.

A **third** penalty notice cannot be issued to the same parent in respect of the same child within 3 years of the date of the issue of the first penalty notice. In a case where the national threshold is met for a third time within those 3 years, alternative action will be taken instead.

13.2 Notices to improve

If the national threshold has been met and support is appropriate, but parents do not engage with offers of support, our school may offer a notice to improve to give parents a final chance to engage with support.

Notices to improve will be issued in line with processes set out in the local code of conduct for the local authority area in which the pupil attends school.

They will include:

- Details of the pupil's attendance record and of the offences
- The benefits of regular attendance and the duty of parents under [section 7 of the Education Act 1996](#)
- Details of the support provided so far
- Opportunities for further support, or to access previously provided support that was not engaged with
- A clear warning that a penalty notice may be issued if attendance doesn't improve within the improvement period, along with details of what sufficient improvement looks like, which will be decided on a case-by-case basis
- A clear timeframe of between 3 and 6 weeks for the improvement period
- The grounds on which a penalty notice may be issued before the end of the improvement period

North Lincolnshire: Each school has a named Education Welfare Officer. They offer support to parents and carers and services to improve attendance at school.

If the leave of absence the parent has requested is not agreed by the school and the child's total unauthorised absences as outlined in the bullet points below amount to 10 or more sessions (5 school days), continuous or odd days within the previous three months, the Education Inclusion Service will be notified and a Penalty Notice will be issued to each parent for each child.

- A parent has made a request to a school for a period of absence in term time and this has not been agreed by the school
- A parent has not applied for leave of absence in advance (the regulations do not allow for approval after the holiday)
- A parent keeps the child away from school for longer than was agreed, the extra time is recorded as unauthorised.
- The school has marked the absence as unauthorised, as they have reason to suspect this was in relation to an unapproved holiday in term time and no alternative evidence has been provided.

North Lincolnshire information for parents: [Penalty notice \(northlincslocaloffer.com\)](#)

Pay a school fine: [North Lincolnshire Council \(e-paycapita.com\)](#)

14. Monitoring attendance

The school will monitor attendance and absence data (including punctuality) half-termly, termly and yearly across the school and at an individual pupil, year group and cohort level.

Specific pupil information will be shared with the DfE on request.

Our school has granted the DfE access to its management information system so the data can be accessed regularly and securely.

Data will be collected each term and published at national and local authority level through the DfE's school absence national statistics releases. The underlying school-level absence data is published alongside the national statistics.

Our school and Trust board benchmark its attendance data at whole school, year group and cohort level against local, regional, and national levels to identify areas of focus for improvement, and share this with the governing board.

15. Leave of Absence during Term Time

OLoL CMAT will not grant any leave of absence during term time unless there are [exceptional](#) circumstances. Each school within the trust will determine the number of school days a child can be away from school if the leave is granted.

A leave of absence is granted entirely at the head teacher's discretion and is not a parental right. In accordance with government guidelines, the application must be made 12 school days in advance by completing a leave of absence request form. The application form is available from individual schools within our trust by request. The head teacher must be satisfied that there are [exceptional](#) circumstances which warrant the leave.

If parents take pupils on holiday during term time OLoL CMAT schools **will not provide extra work**; students will be expected to catch up with any work they have missed when they return from the holiday.

16. Supporting pupils who are absent or returning to school

[16.1 Pupils absent due to complex barriers to attendance](#)

Our school will hold meetings with parents to ascertain and understand the barriers to attendance. Support will be offered in accordance with the issues identified.

[16.2 Pupils absent due to mental or physical ill health or SEND](#)

Our school will hold meetings with parents to understand the reason and barriers for the absence and depending on the circumstances work together to agree a plan moving forward. Where a pupil has an education health and care (EHC) plan and their attendance falls, or the school becomes aware of barriers to attendance that related to the pupil's needs, the school will inform the local authority.

16.3 Pupils returning to school after a lengthy or unavoidable period of absence

Our school will meet with the family to plan a suitable return to school if this is applicable. We will agree any reasonable adjustments that might need making to timings, entrance and dismissal locations and any environment adjustments that might need making.

17. Reducing persistent and severe absence

Persistent absence is where a pupil misses 10% or more of school, and severe absence is where a pupil misses 50% or more of school. Reducing persistent and severe absence is central to the school's strategy for improving attendance.

Our school will:

- Use attendance data to find patterns and trends of persistent and severe absence
- Consider potential safeguarding issues and, where suspected or present, address them in line with Keeping Children Safe in Education
- Hold regular meetings with the parents of pupils who the school (and/or local authority) considers to be vulnerable or at risk of persistent or severe absence, or who are persistently or severely absent, to:
 - Discuss attendance and engagement at school
 - Listen, and understand barriers to attendance
 - Explain the help that is available
 - Explain the potential consequences of, and sanctions for, persistent and severe absence
 - Review any existing actions or interventions
- Provide access to wider support services to remove the barriers to attendance, in conjunction with the local authority, where relevant
- Consider alternative support that could be put in place to remove any barriers to attendance and re-engage these pupils. In doing so, the school will sensitively consider some of the reasons for absence
- Implement sanctions, where necessary

18. Our Lady of Lourdes CMAT schools may agree a 'leave of absence' in the following exceptional circumstances:

In order for consideration to be given, requests for absence must be for exceptional circumstances only. The number of days to be agreed with the headteacher.

18.1 Exceptional circumstances could include:

- Service personnel returning from a tour of duty abroad where it is evidenced the individual will not be in receipt of any leave in the near future that coincides with school holidays.
- Where an absence from school is recommended by a health professional as part of a parent or child's rehabilitation from a medical or emotional issue.
- The death or terminal illness of a person close to the family.
- Important religious observances (but only for the ceremony not travelling time).

- Where there are exceptional and unforeseen circumstances that fall outside of 1 to 4 above, the headteacher agrees to consult with the Directors of Performance and Standards(DPS) team prior to any authorisation being given to the parent.

18.2 What are NOT considered 'exceptional circumstances'

- The family cannot afford to go on holiday in school holiday time, or have a special holiday offer for term time.
- To visit family members abroad (unless they are severely ill which may be considered).
- To spend time with a family member who is visiting from abroad in term time.
- Because you or your partner cannot get time off work during school holiday time.
- You have a family tradition of going at a certain time of year.
- Going away for a birthday celebration (including the child's birthday)

18.3 Our Lady of Lourdes Trust will not agree a 'leave of absence in circumstances such as:

- Availability of cheap holidays;
- Availability of desired accommodation;
- Poor weather experienced in school holiday periods; and
- Overlap with the beginning or end of term.

Leave of absence that has not been approved will therefore be unauthorised and may lead to a referral being made to the local authority for action.

19. Truancy

Pupils who are discovered to have truanted will be spoken to by the designated member of staff will be informed of what has happened. Pupils will be asked for the reasons for their truancy to see if there are underlying problems as the root cause. Parents will be contacted and kept informed of events. As a punishment, the truant will be expected to make up the number of hours they have missed in school detentions. All incidents of truancy will be recorded as unauthorised.

As a follow-up the student will receive an appropriate sanction.

20. Off-Site Provision

Where the school uses off-site providers the responsibility for external partners is to ensure the following:

- Accurately register student(s) on placement.
- Notify the school before 10.00am of any student absence.
- E-mail/post weekly attendance registers to nominated member of staff at the school.
- Alert school, (Attendance Officer or nominated staff) immediately in the event of a student leaving the provider's premises without prior authorisation from our school.

When our school places a pupil with an Alternative Provision (AP) provider, we retain full responsibility for the safeguarding and welfare of that pupil.

Monitoring of safeguarding, attendance, and welfare at AP placements takes place at least half-termly, or more frequently where risk or need requires. This includes direct contact with the pupil and communication with the AP provider to ensure safeguarding standards are upheld.

We ensure that:

- The placement is appropriate and meets the individual needs of the pupil;
- Safeguarding arrangements at the AP provider are robust, including safer recruitment, child protection policies, and access to a trained Designated Safeguarding Lead;
- There is ongoing monitoring of the pupil's attendance, engagement, progress, and well-being;
- A named member of school staff maintains regular contact with the pupil and the AP setting;
- **Half-termly checks or visits** are undertaken to ensure welfare, progress, attendance, and safeguarding arrangements.
- Monitoring will include checking CPOMs entries, welfare logs, attendance, behaviour reports, and communication with the provider and pupil.
- Our school follows the statutory guidance:
- Alternative provision (DfE) – [Alternative provision - GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/alternative-provision)
- Education for children with health needs who cannot attend school – [Education for children with health needs who cannot attend school - GOV.UK](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/education-for-children-with-health-needs-who-cannot-attend-school)

These responsibilities are reflected in our separate Alternative Education Pathways Policy, which ensures that safeguarding remains a core priority for all off-site placements.

21. Children absent from Education

- Attendance, absence and exclusions are closely monitored. A child going absent from education is a potential indicator of abuse and neglect, including sexual abuse and sexual exploitation.
- The designated staff will monitor unauthorised absences and take appropriate action including notifying the local authority particularly where children go absent on repeat occasions and/or are absent for periods during the school day in conjunction with '**Children absent in Education: Statutory Guidance for Local Authorities**¹
- Staff must be alert to signs of children at risk of travelling to conflict zones, female genital mutilation and forced marriage.

¹ <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/children-missing-education>

22. Anxiety Related Non-Attendance (ARNA)

If a student is believed to be experiencing anxiety, our school will liaise with parents and carers to carry out an initial assessment.

If agreed strategies fail to improve school attendance and the wellbeing of the student, further strategies will be considered. Our school will ensure that the school systems adhere to the document ***Guidance to Schools: A Graduated Response to School Non-Attendance*** (which must be used for SEND/SEMH needs), in order to best support early identification of anxiety related issues.

The school will ensure that the existing systems around analysing absence are able to identify the different types of unauthorised absence i.e. anxiety related, truanting or parent/carer condoned and appropriate support implemented.

Should a parent/carer have any concerns regarding their child's mental health or wellbeing, they should contact our school immediately.

If a child has long term absence, the school endeavours to maintain regular communication with the student and family. School will seek support from professional outside agencies to provide additional help to the student and family.

Please refer to: **Anxious Learners & Anxiety Related Non-Attendance (ARNA): Guidance for Schools²**

23. Agency Liaison

Research has shown that schools in partnership with the full range of support services have a greater impact on school attendance than when they act alone or when the support services are uncoordinated or disjointed.

There are the many support services we can work with to improve the outcomes for our students

- Targeted Support; Family Services.
- Educational Psychologists.
- School health
- Social care
- Youth Offending Team
- Police
- CAMHS
- Absent in Education Teams

² [AL and AR \(ARNA\) support guidance for Nottingham County Council Secondary Schools.](https://www.em-edsupport.org.uk/Event/73352)

<https://www.em-edsupport.org.uk/Event/73352>

- Admissions Team
- Education Welfare Service
- Children Absent in Education

24. Data Protection Act

The Data Protection Act places obligations on all agencies that process, store and share information on any individual. It is important to have full regard to the requirements of the Act. Each school has a Data Protection Notification which details the circumstances under which data is managed. Nothing in the legislation prevents a school sharing information with the police or social services where it is believed that a child or young person under the age of 18 is at risk of harm or is in need of safeguarding.

25. Stepped Approach

All letters regarding notice of penalty and actual penalty notices need to be sent to both parents and or additional adults in the household as there could be a potential fine for both parents or additional adult.

Attendance Stepped Plan; Support First Approach.		
Optional letter at the beginning of term.		Optional information for school newsletter or leaflet sent at the beginning of term.
	Children have 100% attendance	Half termly and yearly certificates. Children who have 100% attendance will be rewarded.
	Children have attendance above 95%	Children contribute to the weekly attendance award for their tutor – which leads to special events and rewards.
Attendance falls below 95% due to illness or unauthorised absence		
Step 1	Letter 1 to inform year 8-11 that their previous years' attendance fell below 95%	A letter indicating there have been historical absences that was below the 95% threshold for an academic year. This is sent to pupils at the start of the new academic year.
Step 2	Letter to inform parents that attendance has fallen below 95%	This letter explains the reasons given for absence so far, and that this has led to an unacceptable attendance level. If attendance has dropped below 90% your child is now classed as a persistent absentee. The ATTEND framework is sent out to complete.
Step 3	Letter to inform parents that there has been no improvement and enter a monitoring period	This letter explains the reasons given for absence so far, and that this has led to an unacceptable attendance level. It also states that unless there is a significant improvement, a meeting will be held in school to form an attendance action plan. This is the beginning of a monitoring period of 2 weeks .
Step 4	First Meeting	If attendance remains below 95%, a meeting is called with the Attendance team. This will be Head of Year, attendance officer and any other professionals involved, eg SENDCo. At this meeting, targets are set and an attendance action plan is formed with the family. If the family do not attend, the plan will be made by school and sent home. The ATTEND framework is looked at and completed if not returned at step 2. The first waves of intervention will be completed and a meeting support plan.
Case will be referred to Education Inclusion Service as a record of poor attendance.		
Step 5	Penalty Notice warning letter	This letter states that there are serious concerns regarding the child's attendance, and that, unless there is significant improvement the case will be referred to the LA for penalty notices. A second meeting will be held in school. This begins the final monitoring period. The ATTEND framework is reviewed, the second waves of intervention is looked at and an action plan is completed.
Step 6	Penalty Notice letter	This letter states that the school has referred the attendance case to the Local Authority, and that there is to be a penalty notice issued.

		Another meeting will be held in school. The ATTEND framework is reviewed, the third waves of intervention is looked at and an action plan is reviewed.
Unauthorised Absence Letters		
	Unauthorised absence(s)	Concerns about a pupil's unauthorised absence(s) letter. To be used for periods of absence that have not been authorised by school.
	Formal issue of penalty notice	Formal penalty notice linked to unauthorised absence.
	Persistent Absentee	A letter stating that the pupil has now fallen into the PA category, below 90% attendance. The pupil will have a meeting with the attendance officer.
Request for leave exceptional circumstances (previously holidays included)		
Step 1	Agreeing a request	Agreeing a request for an absence in term-time is up to the Headteacher's discretion letter, however, there are guidelines within this policy.
Step 2	Declining a request	Declining a request for an absence in term-time and warning parents that if they take the child out of school during these times, a penalty notice will be issued.
Step 3	Irregular school attendance (holiday or leave of absence)	After an unauthorised leave of absence this letter informs parents that they may be issued with a penalty notice.
Step 4	No notice absence	If a family take a leave of absence without informing the school, a letter for a no notice leave of absence, irregular school attendance penalty can be issued.
Other useful letters		
	Punctuality letters	School will write to parents to communicate poor punctuality. If the register has closed when students arrive, it will be recorded as unauthorised and a fine for irregular school attendance can be issued at 10 sessions.
	Ad-Hoc	School will write to parents to communicate attendance as and when required that might sit out of the attendance process.

26. Penalty Notice Changes from August 2024

Penalty Notices are Changing from 19th August 2024!



- ▶ 5 consecutive days of term time leave
 - ▶ Penalty Notice Fines will be issued for Term Time leave of 5 or more consecutive days, inset training days are school days and can be included in the 5 or more consecutive days where there was intent to be absent for term time leave.
- ▶ 10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a 10-week period
 - ▶ Penalty Notice fines will be considered when there have been 10 sessions of unauthorised absence in a 10-week period
- ▶ Per Parent, Per Child
 - ▶ Penalty Notice fines will now be issued to each parent, for each child that was absent.
 - ▶ For example: 3 siblings absent for term time leave, would result in each parent receiving 3 separate fines.

1

First Offence

The first time a Penalty Notice is issued for Term Time leave of irregular attendance the amount will be:

£160 per parent, per child if paid within 28 days
Reduced to £80 per parent, per child if paid within 21 days

2

Second Offence (within 3 years)

The second time a Penalty Notice is issued for Term Time leave or irregular attendance the amount will be £160 per parent, per child paid within 28 days

3

Third Offence and Any Further Offences (within 3 years)

The third time an offence is committed for Term Time leave or irregular attendance a Penalty Notice will not be issued, and the case will be presented straight to the Magistrates' Court. Magistrates' fines can be up to £2500 per parent, per child
Cases found guilty in Magistrates' Court can show on the parents future DBS certificate, due to a 'failure to safeguard a child's education'.

OLOL CMAT Schools

Our Lady of Lourdes CMAT Schools and Designated Local Authority.

Nottingham City Council Schools:	Nottinghamshire County Council Schools:	Derbyshire County Council:
The Trinity School St Marys Hyson Green Our Lady of Perpetual Succour St Teresa's Aspley St Augustines St Anns Blessed Robert Widmerpool Clifton, Our Lady & St Edward St Anns St Patrick's Catholic Primary and Nursery School Wilford St Margaret Clitherow Bestwood	The Becket School West Bridgford St Edmund Campion Catholic Primary Christ the King Arnold The Good Shepherd Arnold Sacred Heart Carlton Holy Cross Hucknall All Saints Mansfield St Philip Neri Mansfield St Patricks Mansfield St Joseph's Ollerton Holy Trinity Newark	St Joseph's Shirebrook.
Lincolnshire	North Lincolnshire	North East Lincolnshire
St Mary's, Boston. Our Lady of Good Counsel. St Mary's, Grantham St Hugh's. Our Lady of Lincoln. St Norbert's, Spalding. St Peter and St Paul. St Augustine, Stamford.	St Augustine Webster. St Mary's, Brigg. St Norbert's, Crowle. St Bernadette's St Bede's.	St Marys, Grimsby. St Joseph's.

Attendance codes

The following codes are taken from the DfE's [guidance on school attendance](#).

Code	Definition	Scenario
/	Present (am)	Pupil is present at morning registration
\	Present (pm)	Pupil is present at afternoon registration
L	Late arrival	Pupil arrives late before register has closed
Attending a place other than the school		
K	Attending education provision arranged by the local authority	Pupil is attending a place other than a school at which they are registered, for educational provision arranged by the local authority
V	Attending an educational visit or trip	Pupil is on an educational visit/trip organised or approved by the school
P	Participating in a sporting activity	Pupil is participating in a supervised sporting activity approved by the school
W	Attending work experience	Pupil is on an approved work experience placement
B	Attending any other approved educational activity	Pupil is attending a place for an approved educational activity that is not a sporting activity or work experience
D	Dual registered	Pupil is attending a session at another setting where they are also registered
Absent – leave of absence		
C1	Participating in a regulated performance or undertaking regulated employment abroad	Pupil is undertaking employment (paid or unpaid) during school hours, approved by the school
M	Medical/dental appointment	Pupil is at a medical or dental appointment
J1	Interview	Pupil has an interview with a prospective employer/educational establishment
S	Study leave	Pupil has been granted leave of absence to study for a public examination

X	Not required to be in school	Pupil of non-compulsory school age is not required to attend
C2	Part-time timetable	Pupil is not in school due to having a part-time timetable
C	<u>Exceptional circumstances</u>	Pupil has been granted a leave of absence due to exceptional circumstances
Absent – other authorised reasons		
T	Parent travelling for occupational purposes	Pupil is a 'mobile child' who is travelling with their parent(s) who are travelling for occupational purposes
R	Religious observance	Pupil is taking part in a day of religious observance
I	Illness (not medical or dental appointment)	Pupil is unable to attend due to illness (either related to physical or mental health)
E	Suspended or excluded	Pupil has been suspended or excluded from school and no alternative provision has been made
Absent – unable to attend school because of unavoidable cause		
Q	Lack of access arrangements	Pupil is unable to attend school because the local authority has failed to make access arrangements to enable attendance at school
Y1	Transport not available	Pupil is unable to attend because school is not within walking distance of their home and the transport normally provided is not available
Y2	Widespread disruption to travel	Pupil is unable to attend because of widespread disruption to travel caused by a local, national or international emergency
Y3	Part of school premises closed	Pupil is unable to attend because they cannot practically be accommodated in the part of the premises that remains open
Y4	Whole school site unexpectedly closed	Every pupil absent as the school is closed unexpectedly (e.g. due to adverse weather)
Y5	Criminal justice detention	Pupil is unable to attend as they are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In police detention • Remanded to youth detention, awaiting trial or sentencing, or

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Detained under a sentence of detention
Y6	Public health guidance or law	Pupil's travel to or attendance at the school would be prohibited under public health guidance or law
Y7	Any other unavoidable cause	To be used where an unavoidable cause is not covered by the other codes
Absent – unauthorised absence		
G	Holiday not granted by the school	Pupil is absent for the purpose of a holiday, not approved by the school
N	Reason for absence not yet established	Reason for absence has not been established before the register closes
O	Absent in other or unknown circumstances	No reason for absence has been established, or the school isn't satisfied that the reason given would be recorded using one of the codes for authorised absence
U	Arrived in school after registration closed	Pupil has arrived late, after the register has closed but before the end of session
Administrative codes		
Z	Prospective pupil not on admission register	Pupil has not joined school yet but has been registered
#	Planned whole-school closure	Whole-school closures that are known and planned in advance, including school holidays